## PART - A

Answer ALL Questions:

1. State Norton's Theorem.
2. Define a linear circuit.
3. Explain d.c. load line.
4. Determine the operating frequency of a Colpitt's oscillator given $\mathrm{C}_{1}=0.001 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C}_{2}=0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ and $\mathrm{L}=15 \mathrm{mH}$.
5. State two characteristic feature of an ideal op-amp.
6. Define CMRR and express it in decibels.
7. Simplify the Boolean expression, $\mathrm{Y}=(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}+\mathrm{C}) \cdot(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B})$.
8. Draw the logic symbol and write the truth table of a D flip-flop.
9. State any two advantages of Integrated Circuits.
10. Write the four basic types of constructions employed in the manufacture of IC.

## PART - B

## Answer ANY FOUR Questions:

11. State superposition theorem and use it to find the current through $R_{1}$ in the following circuit where $\mathrm{V}_{2}=10 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{1}=5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{R}_{1}=1 \Omega ; \mathrm{R}_{2}=3 \Omega ; \mathrm{R}_{3}=2 \Omega$.

12. Explain with a neat circuit the voltage divider biasing technique.
13. Describe the construction and working of an n-channel JFET
14. Design a 4-to-1 multiplexer and explain its operation with the relevant function table.
15. Write short note on memory devices ROM and RAM.
16. Explain the fabrication of monolithic Integrated Circuits.

## PART C

Answer ANY FOUR questions:
17. Obtain expressions for $\mathrm{Ai}, \mathrm{Av}$ and Zi interms of ' $h$ ' parameters for a transistor amplifier connected in common emitter configuration with necessary equivalent circuit.
18. Explain with a neat circuit the functioning of an RC coupled amplifier. Discuss its frequency response curve.
19. (a) Describe with a circuit diagram the functioning of an op-amp as a summing amplifier.
(b) Explain the functioning of SCR as a switch.
20. (a) Explain the working of a JK flip flop with the logic diagram and truth table.
(b) Draw the logic circuit and explain the working of a 3 bit binary ripple counter with the relevant truth table.
21. With a neat circuit explain the working of a transistor Astable Multivibrator.
22. Explain with necessary diagrams the fabrication of transistor and resistor on monolithic Integrated Circuits.

